Abstract

Theoretical and Experimental Investigation of Si Nanocrystal Memory Device with HfO₂ High-k Tunneling Dielectric

J. J. Lee, X. Wang, W. Bai, N. Lu, J. Liu, and D. L. Kwong

Microelectronics Research Center, Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, The University of Texas, Austin, TX 78758

This paper describes improved memory characteristics of the Si nanocrystal memory devices by replacing the traditional SiO₂ with HfO₂ high-k dielectrics for the first time. Thanks to the combination of a lower electron barrier height and a larger physical thickness of HfO₂ as compared with SiO₂, the fabricated device shows excellent programming efficiency and data retention characteristic. The single-electron charging effect is clearly observed at room temperature. It also shows superior data endurance up to 10^6 write/erase cycles.